White IPA (All Grain)

The White IPA has quickly gained a cult following and has seen interpretations from small craft breweries to the big boys of brewing, like Sam Adams and Sierra Nevada. Combine the classic flavors of a Belgian White (coriander and citrus peel), with the juicy hop-fruitiness of the El Dorando hop, and you have yourself a power punch of general hop-goodness.

IngredientsStatistics6# Franco Belges PilsnerOriginal Gravity1.0636# Weyerman WheatFinal Gravity1.0141/2 lb Flaked Oats*Alcohol Content6.5%1/2 lb Aromatic Malt*

1 oz. Northern Brewer Hop Pellets (Bittering) with 60 minutes left in the boil.

1 oz. El Dorado Hop Pellets (Flavoring 1) with 10 minutes left in the boil.

1 oz. El Dorado Hop Pellets (Finishing 1) with 2 minutes left in the boil.

1 oz. El Dorado Hop Pellets (Finishing 2) with 1 minute left in the boil.

1 oz. El Dorado Hop Pellets (Dry Hop)

3/4 oz. Crushed Coriander with 10 minutes left in the boil.

1 oz. Tangerine Peel with 10 minutes left in the boil.

Safale S-33 Yeast

Procedure

A *few hours before you begin to brew*, allow your yeast to warm up to room temperature. We assume that you are familiar with all-grain homebrewing techniques, so these procedures are abbreviated.

- 1. Mash for an hour at 152°F with a 1.25 quarts of water per pound of grain. Adjust this temperature to personal preference. Lauter and sparge as normal up to 6 gallons (adjust for your rate of boil-off).
- 2. Once boiling, place the bittering hops into a muslin bag, add them to the pot, and set your timer for 1 hour. Keep an eye on the pot to avoid boil-overs.
- 3. After 45 minutes of boiling, add flavoring hops (divided in three muslin bags, (no more than 1 oz per bag). You may also ½ teaspoon of Irish moss, or 1 Whirlfloc tablet, to help clarify beer (optional).
- 4. After 60 minutes of boiling, turn off the heat and add the finishing hops (divided into three muslin bags).
- 5. At the end of the boil, chill the wort as quickly as possible. A copper or stainless steel immersion chiller is a great way to accomplish this.
- 6. Make sure the wort is below 80°F before adding yeast. Take a hydrometer reading if desired. Sprinkle the contents of the yeast packet directly onto the wort.
- 7. As is the case with most wheat beers, expect a vigorous fermentation. This may clog a standard airlock attachment, so it is recommended to sanitize a length of 5/16" hose and feed it into the airlock opening on your fermentor. Drop the other end of this hose into a container of sanitized water. This is known as a blow-off tube.
- 8. Store the fermenter where the temperature will be a fairly constant 65° 70°F. Once the vigorous phase of fermentation is complete (typically 5 to 6 days), add the "dry hops" (no need to put them in a muslin bag). Allow the dry hops to soak for at least and additional 3 days. Keep the beer in the primary fermenter until active fermentation is complete (no signs of active fermentation for the last 2 to 3 days).
- 9. When ready to bottle, siphon the beer into your sanitized bottling bucket, leaving sediment behind. Boil the priming sugar in 1-2 cups of water for a few minutes, gently stir into the beer, and bottle as usual.

For store use. Not part of instructions: Hops – 1oz. Northern Brewer, 4oz. El Dorado

^{*} The grains are all crushed together in the clear plastic bag